Kennesaw State University
College of the Arts
School of Music

presents

Junior Recital

Beth Anne Ake, piano

Friday, March 27, 2015
8:00 p.m.
Music Building Recital Hall

Eighty-eighth Concert of the 2014-15 Concert Season
program

JOHANN SEBASTIAN BACH (1685-1750)
Goldberg Variations
   Aria
   Variation I
   Variation II
   Variation III
   Variation IV
   Variation V

LUDWIG VAN BEETHOVEN (1770-1827)
Piano Sonata No. 15 in D Major, opus 28
   I. Allegro
   II. Andante
   III. Scherzo and Trio
   IV. Rondo

FRITZ KREISLER (1875-1962)
Liebeslied (Love’s Sorrow)
   Amanda Ake, violin

FRITZ KREISLER (1875-1962)
transcribed by Sergei Rachmaninoff (1873-1943)
Liebeslied (Love’s Sorrow)

This recital is presented in partial fulfillment of requirements for the degree Bachelor of Music in Performance.
Miss Ake studies piano with Robert Henry.
Goldberg Variations, Opus 988
JOHANN SEBASTIAN BACH (1685-1750)

The Goldberg variations are a set of 30 variations on a single theme - a beautifully lyrical Aria in Sarabande form. Johann Sebastian Bach, a German composer during the Baroque era of music history, composed his Goldberg variations for Harpsichord in 1741 while living in Leipzig, Germany. Although Bach is now regarded of as one of the greatest composers in history, he thought of himself modestly and was not well known as a composer in his own day. Well known as a church organist, keyboard virtuoso, and violinist, he composed profusely, producing over 1100 compositions.

The Aria or theme of the Goldberg Variations has a gorgeous singing melody with seemingly spontaneous ornamentation in the soprano that floats above a simple bass-line. Each of the variations preserves the bass and harmonic structure of the original Aria while taking on its own character. Bach explores many different forms in the 30 variations including canon, and two and three part invention forms, among others. Each variation has a unique character, minor or major, fast or slow, singing melody or dancing staccatos. But while each variation has its own temperament each retains the simple chord structure of the Theme. Every third variation is in the form of a canon meaning that the same melody is repeated in two voices at once with a slight offset. The children’s song Row, Row, Row Your Boat is a well-known example of this technique. A canonic melody must be carefully constructed, because each note in the melody has to be able to harmonize with itself in several different ways. The third variation is a canon on the unison meaning that the right hand plays the same melody two times simultaneously and the two melodies are offset by one measure of music.

Sonata No. 15 in D Major, opus 28
LUDWIG VAN BEETHOVEN (1770-1827)

Ludwig van Beethoven was born in Bonn, Germany during the classical period of music. Beethoven’s earliest compositions reflect his classical training—he studied composition with Haydn—yet his later works help bridge the gap to romanticism in music. Beethoven wrote 32 piano sonatas in his lifetime so the 15th Pastoral sonata falls somewhere in the middle of all his sonatas for piano. Still the Pastoral is a relatively early work of Beethoven’s. For compari-
son, Beethoven’s *Symphony No. 5* (with the famous Da Da Da Dam motive) is opus 67, but the *Pastoral* sonata is opus 28. He wrote his *Piano Sonata No. 15 in D Major* in 1801 when he was beginning to experience the hearing loss which ultimately resulted in his total deafness. This sonata has been given the nickname Pastoral possibly due to its simple melodies and the way it evokes an idyllic subject matter. And yet it is doubtful that Beethoven himself named the sonata as his publishers were known for adding nicknames to his pieces without his knowledge. The four movements are tied together by the Key of D Major (the second movement is in the parallel key of d minor) and by certain “pastoral” effects such as drone bass patterns and motivic repetitions.

The *Allegro* first movement opens with a droning D in the bass which is joined by the primary melody, a descending scale in the soprano. The main key is a sunny and calm D Major and the work unfolds in a typical sonata allegro form.

The second movement opens in the haunting key of D minor, the parallel of the main key. The work is in a ternary form with nested binary forms within each larger section.

The *Scherzo and Trio* is a fast third movement in ABA Ternary form in which the *Scherzo* is performed followed by the *Trio* before the *Scherzo* is repeated again. During the classical era a typical sonata would have consisted of three movements in a fast-slow-fast schema. Yet Beethoven enjoyed stretching the boundaries of classical tradition and his addition of a fast third movement in scherzo and trio form between the slow second movement and the final fast movement is an example of his desire to innovate and experiment outside of current musical tradition.

The fourth and final movement is in a rondo form, meaning that the opening theme persistently comes back to punctuate the flow of the piece. The opening motive of the rondo is an ostinato-like left hand gesture. This peaceful and “pastoral” opening comes back whenever the work begins to sound like it has reached a climax. As a result, there is a play of dynamic extremes throughout the movement. Finally, the movement reaches a true climax in a rapid fortissimo coda section.
Liebeslied (Love’s Sorrow)
FRITZ KREISLER (1875-1962)

The Austrian violinist and composer, Fritz Kreisler, was a concert violinist beloved by twentieth century audiences for his emotional expression and virtuosic performances. In 1905, Kreisler composed a set of three short pieces for violin with piano accompaniment entitled Alt-Wiener Tanzweisen (Old Viennese Melodies). This set of pieces included Liesbelied (Love’s Sorrow), Leibesfreud (Love’s Joy), and Schön Rosmarin (Lovely Rosemary). Kreisler often performed these works separately as encores for his concerts. Liebeslied (Love’s Sorrow) has a haunting opening melody in the key of A minor which is repeated and alternated with a cheerful, self-assured melody in A Major. Although the minor and major melodies argue back and forth, finally the A Major melody wins the upper hand and it is on this hopeful note that Love’s Sorrow ends.

Liebeslied (Love’s Sorrow)
SERGEI RACHMANINOFF (1873-1943)

At a time in history when recording technology was in its infancy, the only way to hear a work of music was to hear it performed live or learn to play it yourself. Many homes in the late 19th century owned a piano, and as a result piano transcriptions of popular music were quite common. Sergei Rachmaninoff, the Russian-born virtuoso pianist and friend of Fritz Kreisler, carried on the rich tradition of composing transcriptions for the piano when he wrote a transcription of Fritz Kreisler’s gorgeous and haunting Liebeslied (Love’s Sorrow) for solo piano. Rachmaninoff’s piano transcription of Liebesleid captures Kreisler’s haunting melodies, while perfectly fitting the accompaniment to the piano. The form of Liebesleid has a theme and variation feel. In each variation Rachmaninoff gives a completely different character to the accompaniment while always maintaining the beauty of Kreisler’s melody floating above. In these lush transcriptions Rachmaninoff melds the harmonic influences of 1920s jazz with Kreisler’s melody and the classical idiom he had perfected in his more serious works to form an unforgettable masterpiece that reveals a lighter more playful side of Rachmaninoff.
Beth Anne Ake, a junior Piano Performance major, has been studying piano for 17 years and currently studies with Dr. Robert Henry, Artist-in-Residence at KSU. Beth Anne was recently named a finalist in the Atlanta Pro-Mozart Society’s Annual Scholarship Competition. She was the winner of Kennesaw State University’s Concerto Competition in the Fall of 2013 and performed Mozart’s *Piano Concerto No. 23 in A Major* with the KSU Symphony Orchestra in the Spring of 2014. Beth Anne was named First Alternate in the Georgia MTNA piano auditions in the Fall of 2013 and received an honorable mention in the GMTA Spring 2014 auditions. She is the founding president of Kennesaw State University’s collegiate chapter of Music Teachers National Association. Beth Anne has received several piano scholarships at KSU, including multiple Atlanta Steinway Society Scholarships. Beth Anne enjoys supplementing her performance degree by studying piano pedagogy and music education. Her main passion is teaching children the art of playing the piano. She has fostered her own small business, Funtastic Keys Piano Studio, over the past eight years and currently teaches 10 students, enjoying how teaching allows her to meld her love for children and music into a career.
School of Music Faculty and Staff

Music Education
Judith Beale
Janet Boner
Kathleen Creasy
John Culvahouse
Charles Jackson
Charles Laux
Alison Mann
Angela McKee
Richard McKee
Harry Price
Terri Talley
Amber Weldon-Stephens

Music History & Appreciation
Drew Dolan
Edward Eanes
Kayleen Justus
Dane Philipsen

Music Theory, Composition & Technology
Judith Cole
Kelly Francis
Jennifer Mitchell
Laurence Sherr
Benjamin Wadsworth
Jeff Yunek

Woodwinds
Robert Cronin, Flute
Todd Skitch, Flute
Christina Smith, Flute
Elizabeth Koch Tiscione, Oboe
John Warren, Clarinet, Chamber Music
Laura Najarian, Bassoon
Sam Skelton, Saxophone

Brass and Percussion
Doug Lindsey, Trumpet, Chamber Music
Mike Tiscione, Trumpet
Jason Eklund, Horn
Thomas Witte, Horn
Tom Gibson, Trombone
Brian Hecht, Bass Trombone
Bernard Flythe, Tuba/Euphonium
John Lawless, Percussion

Strings
Helen Kim, Violin
Kenn Wagner, Violin
Catherine Lynn, Viola
Allyson Fleck, Viola, Chamber Music
Charae Krueger, Cello
James Barket, Double Bass
Joseph McFadden, Double Bass
Elisabeth Remy Johnson, Harp
Mary Akerman, Classical Guitar

Voice
Jessica Jones
Eileen Moremen
Oral Moses
Leah Partridge
Valerie Walters
Jana Young

Piano
Judith Cole, Collaborative Piano & Musical Theatre
Julie Coucheron
Robert Henry
John Marsh, Class Piano
David Watkins
Soohyun Yun

Jazz
Justin Chesarek, Jazz Percussion
Wes Funderburk, Jazz Trombone, Jazz Ensembles
Tyrone Jackson, Jazz Piano
Marc Miller, Jazz Bass
Sam Skelton, Jazz Ensembles
Lester Walker, Jazz Trumpet
Trey Wright, Jazz Guitar, Jazz Combos

Ensembles & Conductors
Leslie J. Blackwell, Choral Activities
Alison Mann, Choral Activities
Oral Moses, Gospel Choir
Eileen Moremen, Opera
Michael Alexander, Orchestras
Charles Laux, Orchestras
Debra Traficante, Concert Band
David T. Kehler, Wind Ensemble

School of Music Staff
Julia Becker, Administrative Specialist III
David Daly, Director of Programming and Facilities
Susan M. Grant Robinson, Associate Director for Administration
Joseph Greenway, Technical Director
Dan Hesketh, Digital Media Specialist
June Mauser, Administrative Associate II
Andrew Solomonson, Facility Operations Manager

Ensembles in Residence
Atlanta Percussion Trio
Faculty Jazz Parliament
Georgia Youth Symphony Orchestra and Chorus
KSU Faculty Chamber Players
KSU Faculty String Trio
KSU Community and Alumni Choir
about the school of music

The School of Music at KSU has dedicated, vibrant, and talented faculty and staff that are completely devoted to teaching, performing, scholarship, and serving our community. It is an incredibly exciting place to study, boasting state-of-the-art facilities with opportunities to produce and explore music in a dynamic place that is ahead of the curve for what it means to be a musician in the 21st century. Our students come from the leading musical honor organizations across the region and are poised to lead the cultural offerings and musical education in our area and beyond for years to come.

We welcome you to attend a concert, meet our faculty and staff, and feel the energy and excitement that our students exude. We are fully committed to our purpose as educators, performers, and scholars. We hope that you will find as much enjoyment in our product as we do in producing it.

Michael Alexander
Interim Director, KSU School of Music

connect with us

musicKSU.com
Visit musicKSU.com and click "Live Streaming" to watch live broadcasts of many of our concerts and to view the full schedule of live streamed events.

Please consider a gift to the Kennesaw State University School of Music.
http://community.kennesaw.edu/GiveToMusic

upcoming events

Unless otherwise noted, all events are held in Morgan Concert Hall and begin at 8 p.m.

Monday, March 30
Faculty Recital: Robert Henry, piano

Tuesday, March 31
Classical Guitar Ensemble

Wednesday, April 1
Jazz Combos and Jazz Guitar Ensemble

Thursday, April 2
Trumpet Studio Recital
7 pm • Music Building Recital Hall #32

Thursday, April 2
Jazz Combos

We welcome all guests with special needs and offer the following services: easy access, companion seating locations, accessible restrooms, and assisted listening devices. Please contact a patron services representative at 470-578-6650 to request services.